

UNCLE SAM

Becomes Supreme in the Western Hemisphere,

As a Result of the Treaty Between England and the United States.

Great Britain, by the terms of the Venezuela Treaty, acknowledges the validity of the Monroe doctrine, and thus waives its claims to obtain knowledge regarding the treaty of arbitration just signed by the representatives of the United States and Great Britain. He says during the negotiations the Russian minister to the United States asked Secretary of State Olney whether it was a treaty of offense and defense and whether it committed the two countries to an alliance.

Mr. Olney, according to the correspondence, replied that the treaty was a treaty of friendship, and that it was not a treaty of offense and defense. He said that it was an alliance with Great Britain in support of the Monroe doctrine, Great Britain, by the terms of the Venezuelan treaty, having acknowledged the validity of the Monroe doctrine, and thus waives its claims to obtain knowledge regarding the treaty of arbitration just signed by the representatives of the United States and Great Britain.

The Chronicle vouchers for the correctness of the foregoing and claims to be in a position to state that the American executive holds that with Great Britain's support the danger of European interference in the Western Hemisphere vanishes and the United States becomes supreme. This, the paper says, was one of the chief reasons that caused the United States to endeavor to secure the treaty. The American government now does not fear that any power will question the Monroe doctrine.

It adds that Russia more than once offered assistance to the United States when the relations with Great Britain threatened to become ruptured. The secretary of state recognized that the offer was made to secure a treaty of friendship for the United States as by enemy for England. If Russia had any influence in Washington it would be directed to preventing ratification of the treaty by the senate.

IN CONGRESS.
Bill Filing the Term of Four-Year Postmaster at Four Years Introduced in the Senate.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—(Sera.)—Tuesday a bill was introduced by Mr. Hill (D., N.Y.) and was referred to the post office committee proposing to fix the term of office of postmasters at four years. It was the first of a series of bills introduced by the committee to amend the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the office of postmaster.

At the eight-hour law in Brooklyn by the committee on the Judiciary. The resolution offered by Mr. Allen (D., N.Y.) was to amend the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the office of postmaster, so that the term of office of postmasters should be fixed at four years.

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FINANCIERS MEET.

Opening Day of the Monetary Conference at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 13.—This city is full of financiers. At 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon the monetary conference was called to order in Tomlinson hall, more than 300 financiers assembled. Hugh H. Hanna, chairman of the executive committee, appointed at a preliminary conference November 15 last, and his associates had selected the following temporary officers: E. O. Standen, president; J. W. Smith, secretary; J. W. Smith, secretary; J. W. Smith, secretary.

Mr. Standen, on taking the chair, spoke 15 minutes. Among other things, he said: "The present financial methods of our government are largely those adopted during the war. I believe there is a very strong and constantly increasing conviction among our people that some method must be found for the retirement of the United States and treasury notes. I would retire them by the sale of government bonds at a low rate of interest."

Mr. J. W. Smith, secretary of the Indianapolis conference, said that the convention assembled. The emphatic terms of the declaration in the United States and treasury notes. I would retire them by the sale of government bonds at a low rate of interest."

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INCORRECT

In Many Particulars, Are Mr. Money's Representations

OF Affairs in Cuba, Pronounced by J. H. Wood, of New York.

This Defender of Spain Says That Around Havana the Spanish Are in Control. Distorted Reports Are Common to Both Sides—Guantanamo Affair.

New York, Jan. 12.—The representations of Harnando da Roto Money, member of congress and senator-elect from Mississippi, as to the state of affairs in Cuba, are pronounced to be incorrect in many particulars by J. A. Wood, an architect, 163 Broadway, who was in Cuba at the time of Mr. Money's visit, and has personally investigated the situation there. Only a few days before his arrival the insurgents, three nights in succession, attacked the city of Guantanamo, containing 25,000 inhabitants, within four or five miles of the city of Havana and burned 25 houses, and that they were supported by Weyler's troops.

"Now," said Mr. Wood, "I learned beyond a shadow of a doubt that the more than two insurgents were killed. And yet in the report given out by Mr. Money it appears that he added of the slain persons to the list of the dead as was irresponsibly estimated at first."

Mr. Money says that the insurgents are so close and powerful that they levy a tax on all the fruit, vegetables, corn, milk and meat that enter Havana. Around Havana the suburbs are all under Spanish control, and the country never looked so prosperous, agriculturally, as now.

"Travelers visiting Havana and not being otherwise informed would find nothing whatever of the city to indicate that there is a war in progress on the island. It is very difficult for a man without experience and extensive acquaintance on the island to get a secure reliable knowledge of the state of affairs. If he does not speak Spanish he must depend on the interpreters, who are seldom the best authority. Distorted reports are common to both sides depending on the case, on the hopes, sympathies or prejudices of the narrators, who pass them on until they become the property of the public through the papers. In Havana Mr. Money is called 'Senior Donkey.' The residents are of two opinions as to the situation of the newspapers of the United States show him to be an adept. When I heard his description of the message from Gen. Lee to Secretary Olney I fully expected that it would be denied by Gen. Lee."

THE ICE BROKE
And Four school children were drowned at St. Louis. Two were killed.

St. Louis, Jan. 13.—Four children were drowned in the northern part of the city Tuesday afternoon. They were Fabie Mathews, aged 11, and her brother George, aged 10, who lived at 1014 North Grand street. Another child, aged 10, lived at 4314 Fairview avenue. A party of 25 girls and boys, who were from school gathered at a deep quarry pond at Scanlon place and Kossuth avenue at 4:30 p. m. and began skating on the ice.

That was only one day old. While the fun was at its height the ice in the center of the pond gave way and the skaters went down. But the others were beyond reach and could not be rescued. The bodies of the children were recovered.

THE NEW PARTY.
Nothing Accomplished at the Cozy Convention in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Jan. 13.—Tuesday evening the 12 delegates from around the city met at the Hotel St. Louis, reinforced by twice that number of St. Louis middle of the roaders and commonwealthers. Discussion developed three elements in the meeting—populists, commonwealthers and new party men. The Brown resolutions were not adopted at a late hour Tuesday night, the only thing accomplished was the acceptance of an invitation to hold their financial convention in Nashville in 1897.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT IN A MINE.
WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 13.—A serious accident occurred Tuesday in a coal mine, operated by the Delaware & Hudson Coal Co. in Plymouth. A number of mine repairs were being made at the foot of the shaft, 85 feet from the surface when a pump rod broke, killing one man and injuring several others. A Lyons was struck on the head and instantly killed. Wm. Whaley escaped with bruises. Wm. Humphreys had his right leg broken in two places. Richard Sanders had his shoulder dislocated.

THE FINEST ABANDONED.
New York, Jan. 13.—It was learned definitely Tuesday afternoon that the negotiations which have been pending for several days for the sale of the Carnegie library by stock companies with headquarters in this city has fallen through and that the project has been abandoned.

WIFE MURDER AND SUICIDE.
ALTON, Ill., Jan. 13.—Joseph Burkhardt, of Edwardsville, shot and killed his wife Tuesday night and then shot a bullet through his own brain. The deed was the sequence of a life of domestic unhappiness.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered from All Parts of the World by Telegraph.

The dowager Empress Anako, mother of Emperor Mutsuhito, of Japan, is dead. She was born in Tokio, January 3, 1824.

The vote Monday cast by the various state electors were as follows: McKinley and Hobart 271, Bryan 170, Sewall 138, Watson 18.

Ex-Gov. John D. Long, of Massachusetts, denies the truth of the rumor that he had been offered the position of the cabinet.

The senate committee on finance Tuesday rendered a favorable report to be made on the nomination of Secretary of the Interior Francis.

Speaker Reed rendered a decision in the house Tuesday that the motion to recommit the Pacific railroad funding bill, made by Mr. Powers (rep., Vt.) Monday was not in order.

Diphtheria, which resulted in so many fatalities several weeks ago, is becoming epidemic again at West Union, O. Charles Shumaker, near the city of Lima, died during the past week from the disease.

Leocadio Borjages was shot at the Cabana fortress Tuesday for the crime of rebellion and Claudio and Perez Mendel and Jose and Perez Garcia were shot at the same place Wednesday.

The boxing contest between Tommy White, of Chicago, and Solly Smith, of Los Angeles, before the Bohemian club, Tuesday night, ended in a draw. The men fought 30 rounds at 122 pounds.

The grip is epidemic a few miles south of McKinney, Ky. Several deaths have occurred within the last week. Emily Padgett, 48, Thos. Sorrell, 36, and Monroe Smith, 50, all, are the latest to succumb to the disease. There is hardly a family whose members are all well and the people are all alarmed.

Tuesday for the first time in 24 years a republican was inaugurated governor of North Carolina when Daniel L. Russell, of Wilmington, was sworn into that office. The governor's inaugural address was a presentation of the various matters of state that will claim the attention of the legislature at its present session.

Manager O'Rourke, Referee Roche and Pugilist George Justice, who were arrested for having been implicated in a prize fight at the Broadway Athletic club, New York, in which Johnny Duffy, of Boston, was killed, were discharged from custody in the Jefferson Market court Tuesday. The court ordered the men to be released from all blame.

At Wilmington, Del., the grand jury in the United States court found a verdict of guilty against John J. Murphy, of Boston, who was charged with having taken a disfiguring party in the city of Wilmington, Del., last summer. Murphy was recently wrecked on the steamer Commodore off the Florida coast, and he appeared in court with his arm in a sling.

Charles Emory Smith, of Philadelphia, who was minister to Russia during the administration of President Grant, Tuesday that the story telegraphed from Canton Monday night to the effect that he had been appointed to the position of president-elect McKinley as a candidate for secretary of the treasury, was news to him. He is being favorably considered by the president-elect as a possible cabinet officer. It is without any solicitation on his part.

A Small Sled Ride.
HAILETOWN, Pa., Jan. 13.—A small sled party, consisting of the McGowan family, eight miles south of here. Officer Perry attempted to arrest a drunken man who was driving a sleigh in a dangerous manner. The officer, a policeman, and a constable were killed. The sleigh was overturned and the driver was killed. The constable was injured.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO. No. 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

MAVILLITE DIVISION. No. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101.

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